

The Colloque Walter Lippmann – After 80 Years – Program

..... November 7-9, 2018, Tübingen, Germany

Weltethos-Institut · Hintere Grabenstraße 26 · 72070 Tübingen (unless otherwise indicated)

..... Wednesday, November 7, 2018

Until 18:00h

Check-in at hotels

19:00-22:00h

Dinner Reception at Hotel Krone, Uhlandstraße 1, 72072 Tübingen

WELCOME

Dr. Karen Horn, University of Erfurt and NOUS, Freiburg

Prof. Dr. Stefan Kolev, University of Applied Sciences Zwickau and Wilhelm Röpke
Institute, Erfurt

CONFERENCE OPENING: The reasons for the decline and the return to liberalism

Ralf Fücks, Center for Liberal Modernity, Berlin

..... Thursday, November 8, 2018

08:45h

WELCOME AND INTRODUCTORY REMARKS at Weltethos Institute

Dr. Christopher Gohl, Weltethos-Institut, Tübingen

09:00-10:30h

SESSION I

Is the decline of liberalism due to endogenous causes?

a) As a result of the tendency of companies and capital to concentrate; the formation
of agreements; substitution of atomistic capitalism by a capitalism of large units

Chair: **Dr. Karen Horn**, University of Erfurt and NOUS, Freiburg

Inputs:

Prof. Dr. Richard Sturn, University of Graz

Dr. Christopher Gohl, Weltethos-Institut, Tübingen

11:00-12:30h

SESSION II

Is the decline of liberalism due to endogenous causes?

b) As a result of the tendency toward economic nationalism (limitation of imperialist
expansion, of demographic expansion, tendency toward autarky); economic problem
of national security

Chair: **Roland Fritz**, University of Siegen

Inputs:

Prof. Dr. Nils Karlson, Linköping University and Ratio Institute, Stockholm

Prof. Dr. Gerhard Wegner, University of Erfurt and Wilhelm Röpke Institute, Erfurt

12:30h

Lunch break

13:30h

Short guided city tour in English



Adam Smith Program

Jepson School of Leadership Studies
University of Richmond



AKTIONSGEMEINSCHAFT
**SOZIALE
MARKTWIRTSCHAFT**



WILHELM-
RÖPKE-
INSTITUT



An-Institut der Universität Tübingen

Thursday, November 8, 2018

14:15-15:45h

SESSION III

Is liberalism capable of fulfilling its social tasks?

a) Security: Does liberalism lead to structural crises or, at least, to crises of an intolerable scope, expecting a liquidation of such crises through the simple play of economic forces?

Chair: **Dr. Susanne Cassel**, University of Düsseldorf and Econwatch, Berlin

Inputs:

Prof. Dr. Harald Hagemann, University of Hohenheim and Keynes Society, Berlin

Prof. Dr. Jan Schnellbach, Brandenburg University of Technology Cottbus-Senftenberg

16:15-17:45h

SESSION IV

Is liberalism capable of fulfilling its social tasks?

b) The vital minimum for all, given the difficulties of labor migration. Chronic unemployment, technological unemployment.

Chair: **Prof. Dr. Niclas Berggren**, University of Economics Prague and IFN Research Institute of Industrial Economics, Stockholm

Inputs:

Prof. Dr. Nils Goldschmidt, University of Siegen and Aktionsgemeinschaft Soziale Marktwirtschaft, Tübingen

Prof. Dr. Ulrike Hotopp, University of Kent and LIVE Economics, London

18:15-19:45h

SESSION V

If the decline of liberalism is not inevitable, what are its true exogenous causes?

a) Psychological and sociological causes

Chair: **Prof. Dr. Athanassios Pitsoulis**, University of Hildesheim

Inputs:

Dr. Erwin Dekker, Erasmus University Rotterdam

Prof. Dr. Eric Schliesser, University of Amsterdam

20:00h

Dinner at restaurant

Friday, November 9, 2018

09:00-10:30h

SESSION VI

If the decline of liberalism is not inevitable, what are its true exogenous causes?

b) Political and ideological causes

Chair: **Dr. Matthias Oppermann**, Konrad Adenauer Foundation, Berlin

Inputs:

Dr. Andrea Franc, University of Basel

Dr. Ekkehard Köhler, Walter Eucken Institut, Freiburg

11:00-12:30h

SESSION VII

If the decline of liberalism is not inevitable, what are the remedies to draw from the analysis of its causes? The agenda of liberalism

Chair: **Clemens Schneider**, Prometheus Institute, Berlin

Inputs:

Prof. David Levy, PhD, George Mason University, Fairfax

Prof. Sandra Peart, PhD, University of Richmond

12:30h

CONCLUSIONS

Prof. Dr. Stefan Kolev, University of Applied Sciences Zwickau and Wilhelm Röpke Institute, Erfurt